

MiniSKiiP®1

1-phase half-controlled  
bridge rectifier + brake  
chopper + 3-phase bridge  
inverter

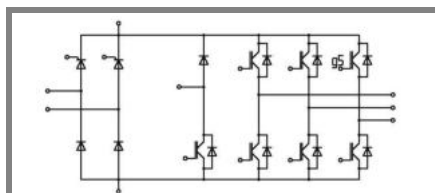
SKiiP 11HEB066V1

## Features

- Trench IGBTs
- Robust and soft freewheeling diode in CAL technology
- Highly reliable spring contacts for electrical connection
- UL recognised file no. E63532

## Remarks

- Case temperature limited to  $T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$
- Product reliability results are valid for  $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$
- SC data:  $t_p \leq 6 \text{ s}$ ;  $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$ ;  $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $V_{CC} = 360 \text{ V}$
- $V_{CEsat}$ ,  $V_F$ ,  $V_T$  = chip level value



HEB

Absolute Maximum Ratings		$T_S = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified	
Symbol	Conditions	Values	Units
<b>IGBT - Inverter, Chopper</b>			
$V_{CES}$		600	V
$I_C$	$T_S = 25 (70)^\circ\text{C}$ , $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	25 (17)	A
$I_C$	$T_S = 25 (70)^\circ\text{C}$ , $T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$	27 (21)	A
$I_{CRM}$	$t_p = 1 \text{ ms}$	30	A
$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	V
$T_j$		$-40 \dots +175$	$^\circ\text{C}$
<b>Diode - Inverter, Chopper</b>			
$I_F$	$T_S = 25 (70)^\circ\text{C}$ , $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	24 (16)	A
$I_F$	$T_S = 25 (70)^\circ\text{C}$ , $T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$	28 (21)	A
$I_{FRM}$	$t_p = 1 \text{ ms}$	30	A
$T_j$		$-40 \dots +175$	$^\circ\text{C}$
<b>Diode / Thyristor - Rectifier</b>			
$V_{RRM}$		800	V
$I_F / I_T$	$T_S = 70$	46 / 45	A
$I_{FSM} / I_{TSM}$	$t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$ , $\sin 180^\circ$ , $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	370 / 340	A
$i^2t$	$t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$ , $\sin 180^\circ$ , $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	575	$\text{A}^2\text{s}$
$T_j$	Diode	$-40 \dots +150$	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_j$	Thyristor	$-40 \dots +125$	$^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{TRMS}$	per power terminal (20 A / spring)	20	A
$T_{stg}$	$T_{op} \leq T_{stg}$	$-40 \dots +125$	$^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{isol}$	AC, 1 min.	2500	V

Characteristics		$T_S = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified		
Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max. Units
<b>IGBT - Inverter, Chopper</b>				
$V_{CEsat}$	$I_{Cnom} = 15 \text{ A}$ , $T_j = 25 (150)^\circ\text{C}$	1,45 (1,65)	1,85 (2,05)	V
$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}$ , $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$	5,8		V
$V_{CE(TO)}$	$T_j = 25 (150)^\circ\text{C}$	0,9 (0,85)	1 (0,9)	V
$r_T$	$T_j = 25 (150)^\circ\text{C}$	40 (56,7)	60 (80)	m $\Omega$
$C_{ies}$	$V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}$ , $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$ , $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	0,86		nF
$C_{oes}$	$V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}$ , $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$ , $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	0,18		nF
$C_{res}$	$V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}$ , $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$ , $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	0,12		nF
$R_{CC+EE'}$	spring contact-chip $T_S = 25 (150)^\circ\text{C}$			m $\Omega$
$R_{th(j-s)}$	per IGBT	1,8		K/W
$t_{d(on)}$	under following conditions	20		ns
$t_r$	$V_{CC} = 300 \text{ V}$ , $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$	30		ns
$t_{d(off)}$	$I_{Cnom} = 15 \text{ A}$ , $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	155		ns
$t_f$	$R_{Gon} = R_{Goff} = 22 \Omega$	45		ns
$E_{on} (E_{off})$	inductive load	0,6 (0,5)		mJ
<b>Diode - Inverter, Chopper</b>				
$V_F = V_{EC}$	$I_{Fnom} = 15 \text{ A}$ , $T_j = 25 (150)^\circ\text{C}$	1,4 (1,4)	1,7 (1,7)	V
$V_{(TO)}$	$T_j = 25 (150)^\circ\text{C}$	1 (0,9)	1,1 (1)	V
$r_T$	$T_j = 25 (150)^\circ\text{C}$	27 (34)	40 (47)	m $\Omega$
$R_{th(j-s)}$	per diode	2,46		K/W
$I_{RRM}$	under following conditions	20		A
$Q_{rr}$	$I_{Fnom} = 15 \text{ A}$ , $V_R = 300 \text{ V}$	2		C
$E_{rr}$	$V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$ , $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	0,5		mJ
	$di_F/dt = 930 \text{ A/s}$			

Characteristics		$T_S = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified			
Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Units
<b>Diode - Rectifier</b>					
$V_F$	$I_{Fnom} = 25\text{ A}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1,1		V
$V_{(TO)}$	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0,8		V
$r_T$	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$		13		mΩ
$R_{th(j-s)}$	per diode		1,25		K/W
<b>Thyristor - Rectifier</b>					
$V_T$	$I_{Fnom} = 25\text{ A}$ , $T_J = 25\text{ (125)}^\circ\text{C}$			(1,6)	V
$V_{T(TO)}$	$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$			1,1	V
$r_T$	$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$			20	mΩ
$V_{GT}$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$			2	V
$I_{GT}$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$			100	mA
$I_H$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		80	150	mA
$I_L$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		150	300	mA
$dv/dt_{(cr)}$	$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	500			V/ s
$di/dt_{(cr)}$	$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$			100	A/ s
$R_{th(j-s)}$	per thyristor		1,25		K/W
<b>Temperature Sensor</b>					
$R_{ts}$	3 %, $T_r = 25\text{ (100)}^\circ\text{C}$		1000(1670)		Ω
<b>Mechanical Data</b>					
w			35		g
$M_s$	Mounting torque	2		2,5	Nm

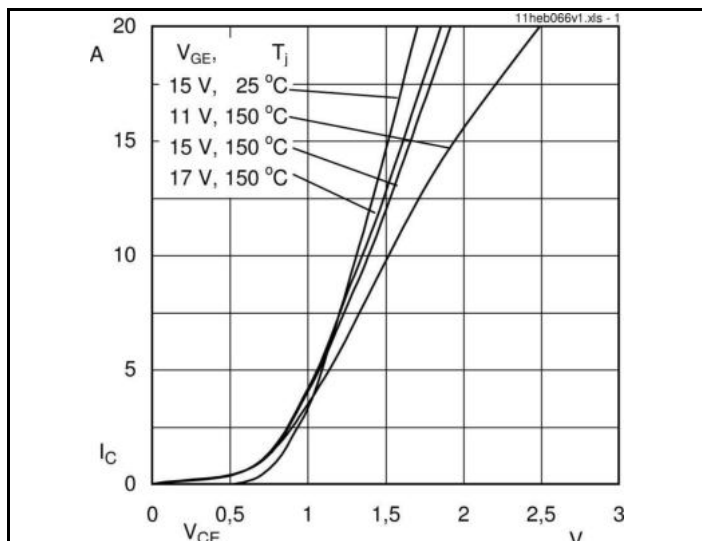


Fig. 1 Typ. output characteristics

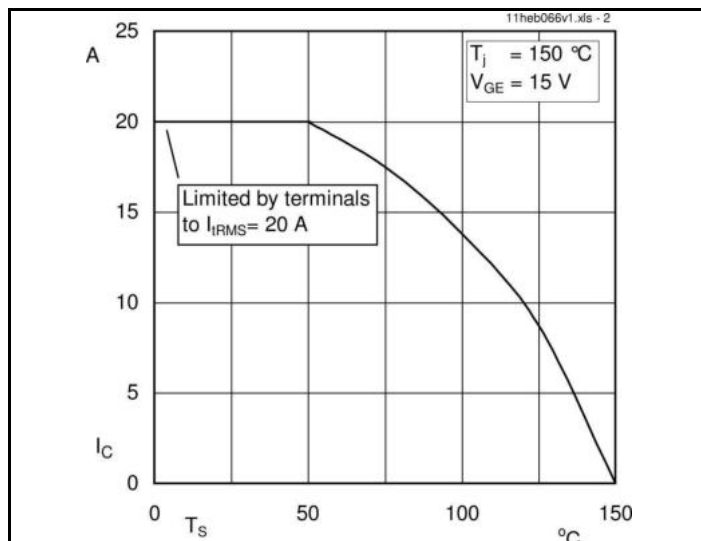


Fig. 2 Typ. rated current vs. temperature

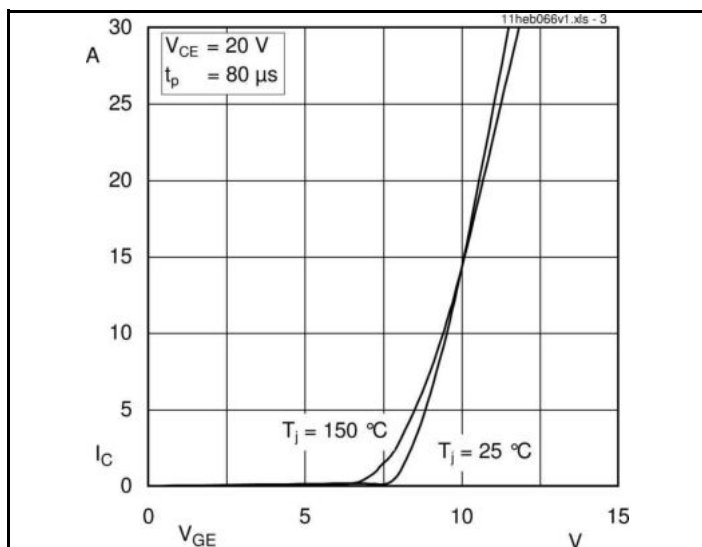


Fig. 3 Typ. transfer characteristic

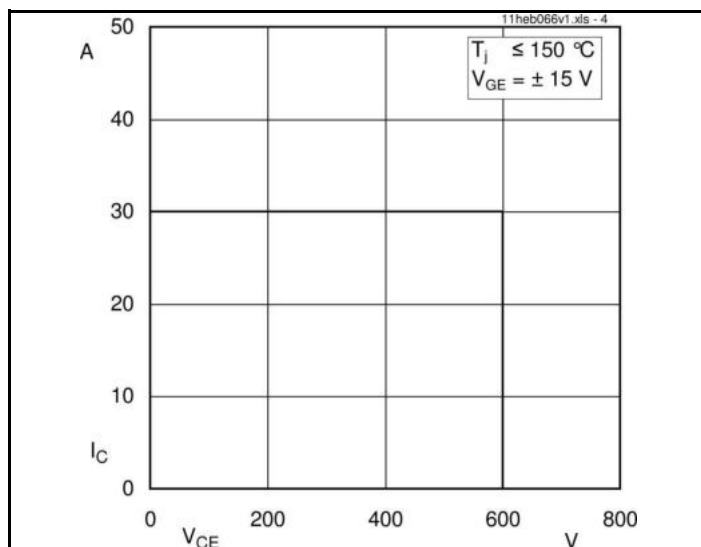


Fig. 4 Reverse bias safe operating area

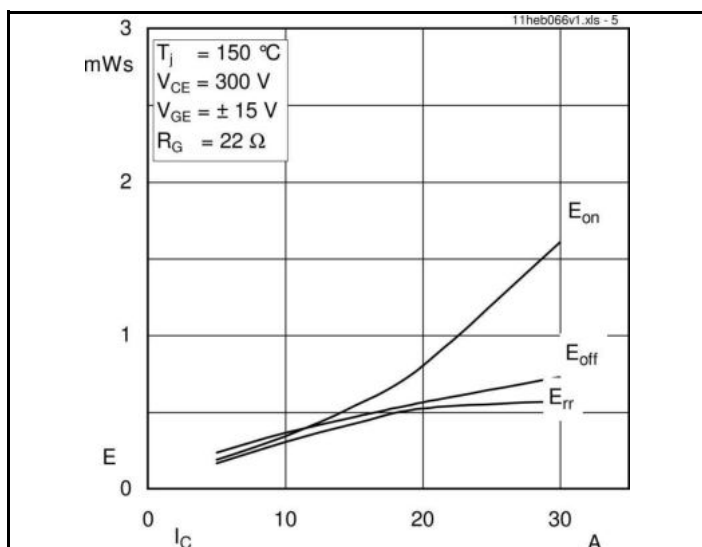


Fig. 5 Typ. Turn-on/-off energy =  $f(I_C)$

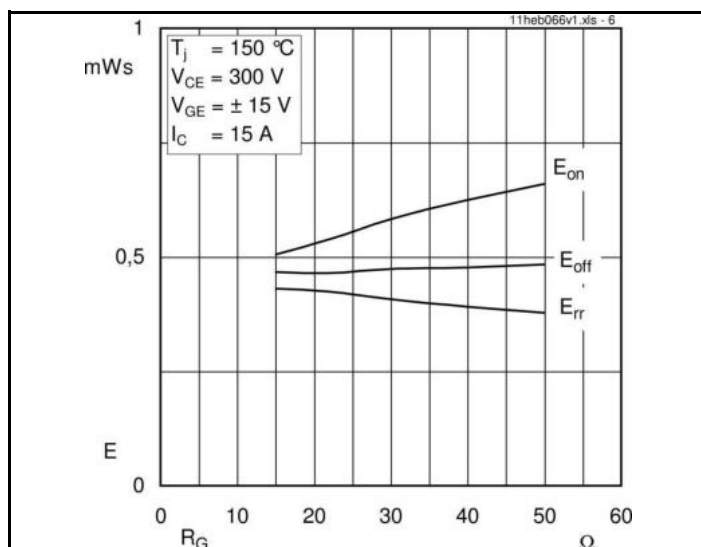


Fig. 6 Typ. Turn-on/-off energy =  $f(R_G)$

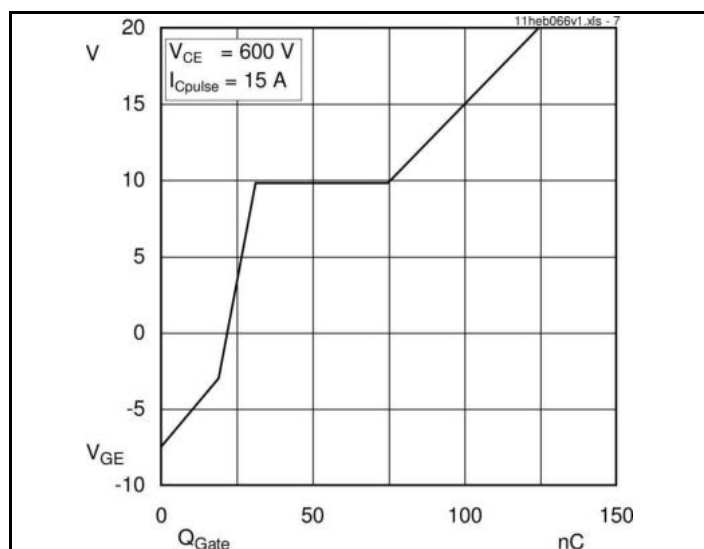


Fig. 7 Typ. gate charge characteristic

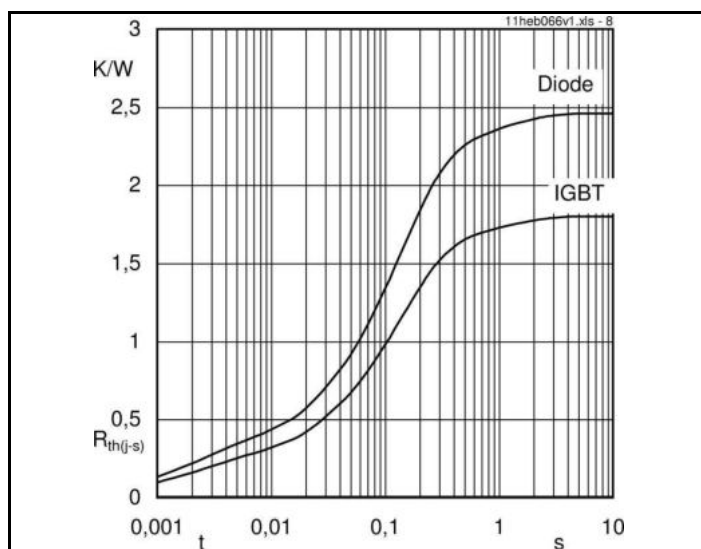


Fig. 8 Typ. thermal impedance

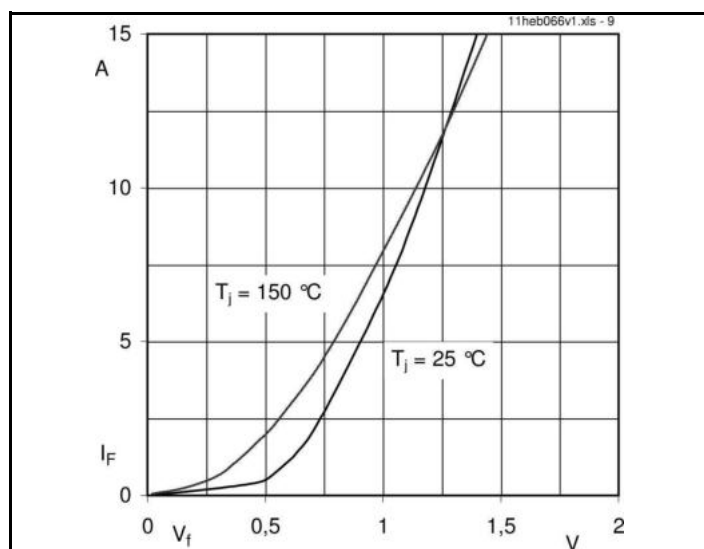


Fig. 9 Typ. freewheeling diode forward characteristic

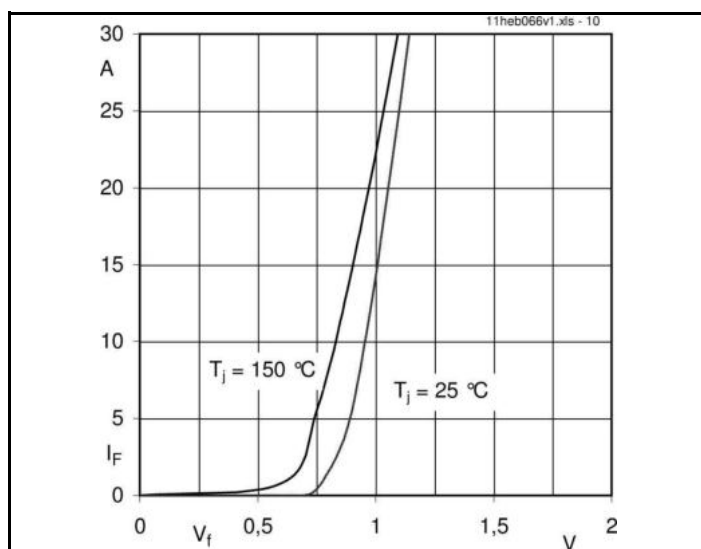


Fig. 10 Typ. input bridge forward characteristic (rect. diode)

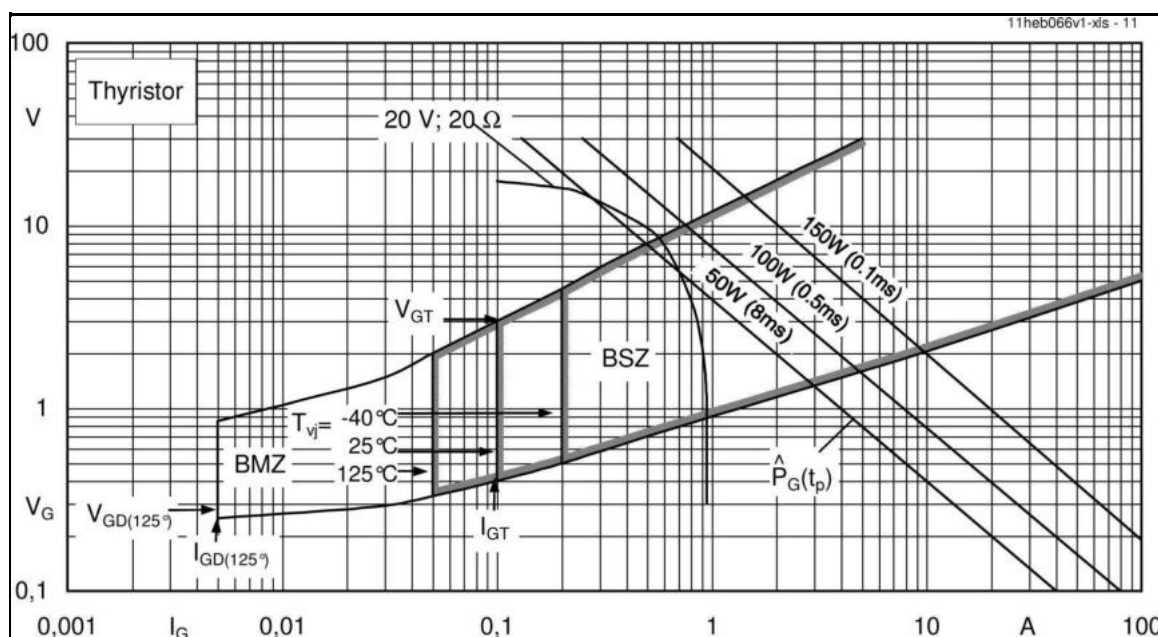
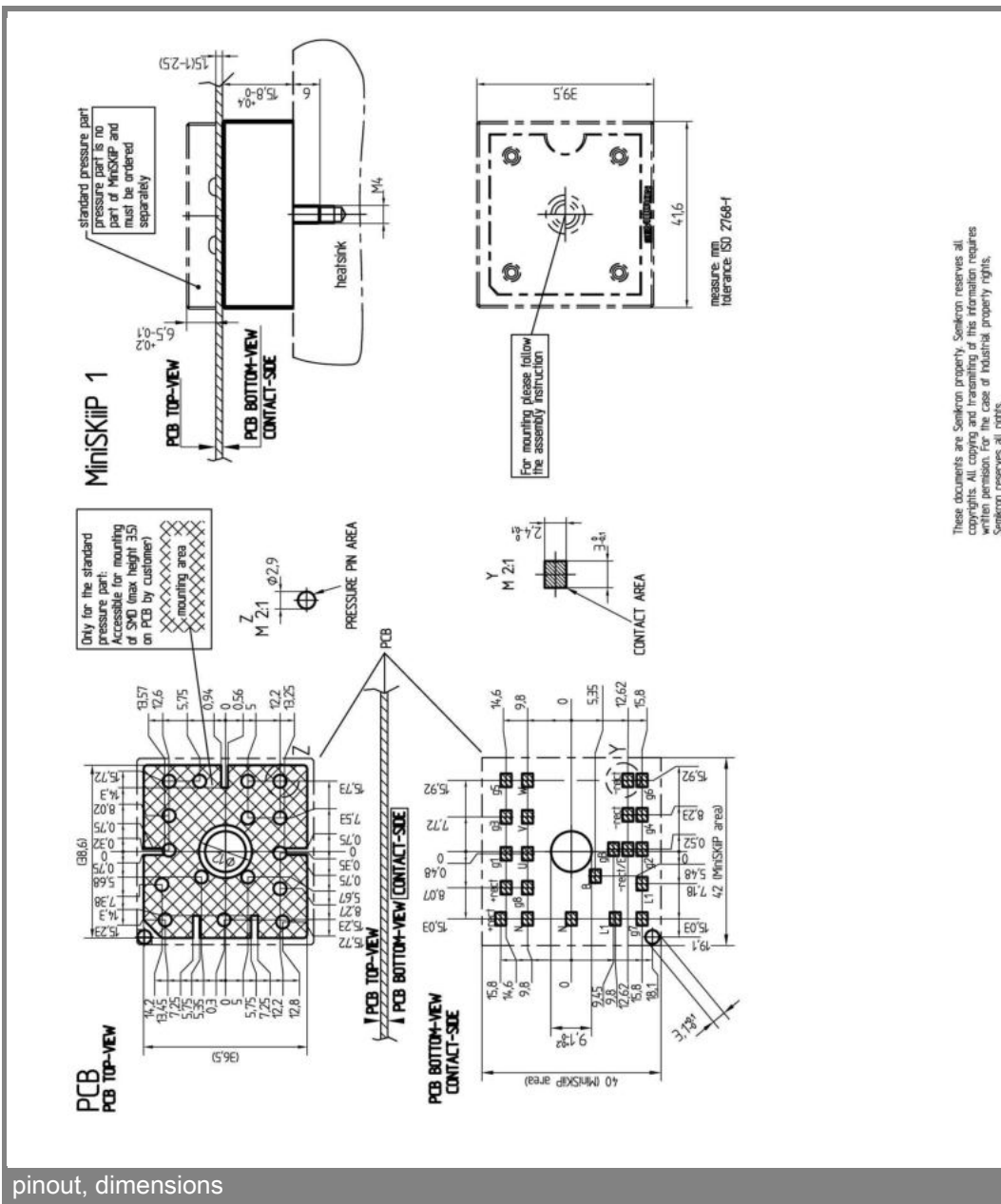
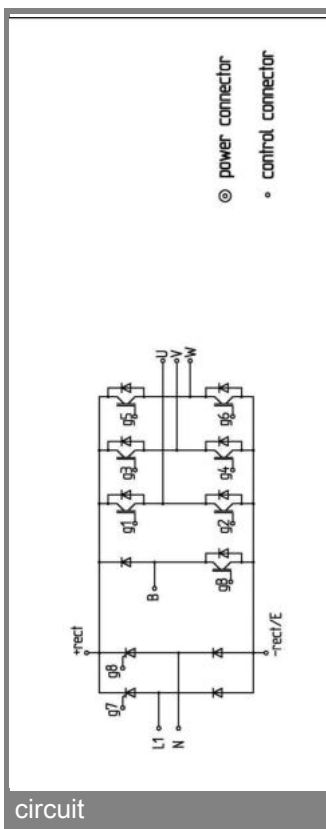


Fig. 11 gate trigger characteristics



This is an electrostatic discharge sensitive device (ESDS), international standard IEC 60747-1, Chapter IX.

\* The specifications of our components may not be considered as an assurance of component characteristics. Components have to be tested for the respective application. Adjustments may be necessary. The use of SEMIKRON products in life support appliances and systems is subject to prior specification and written approval by SEMIKRON. We therefore strongly recommend prior consultation of our personal.